RING OF FIRE PREPARING FOR A SITE VISIT

Wendy Holmes, RN
Beth Meadows, RN
NC Immunization Branch



Objectives

- To describe what consultants examine during the VFC Site Visit.
- To identify the most common issues found during site visits.
- >To help you prepare for the site visit.

What is a Site Visit?

- A formal quality assurance visit to NC Immunization Providers
- > Requirement for all Providers
- Conducted every other year (or more often)
- Lasts ~ 1-3 hours

Site Visit Objectives

- Evaluate the educational needs of providers in order to support them with meeting program requirements
- Evaluate provider compliance with the NC Immunization Program (NCIP) and Vaccines for Children (VFC) Program
- Ensure that VFC-eligible children receive properly managed vaccine
- Evaluate compliance with the NC-specific Immunization Laws and Rules

Provider Vaccine Agreement

The Provider Agreement form is the provider's agreement to comply with all of the conditions of the VFC Program





Types of Provider Agreements

- Local Health Department Agreement
- Private Provider Agreement for NCIR Users
- Private Provider Agreement for non-NCIR Users

North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services North Carolina Immunization Program LOCAL HEALTH DEPARTMENT VACCINE AGREEMENT

Page 1 of 3

The purpose of this agreement is to authorize _______to receive vaccines from the North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services and the Vaccines for Children (VFC) Program. The conditions of the agreement listed below are

North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services
North Carolina Immunization Program
PROVIDER VACCINE AGREEMENT

Page 1 of 3

The purpose of this agreement is to authorize _______ to receive vaccines from the North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services and the Vaccines for Children (VFC) Program. The conditions of the agreement listed below are

Provider Agreement

Who Should Sign the Provider Agreement?

- Health Care Providers licensed or otherwise authorized for administration of pediatric vaccines under the law of the State in which the administration occurs.
- Authorized HCP in NC include MD's and DO's.



Items Needed for the Site Visit

- Uninterrupted meeting time with the vaccine contact staff
- Current and past three months of vaccine temperature logs where VFC vaccine is stored
- Access to all vaccine storage units, includes temporary and permanent storage where VFC vaccine is stored
- > Access to the circuit breaker
- Vaccine management plan

Items Needed, Cont.

Vaccine Information Statements (VISs)

DIPHTHERIA VACCINES & VACCINES

WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW

Many Vaccine Information Statements are available in Spanish and other languages. See www.immunize.org/vis.

1 Why get vaccinated?

Diphtheria, tetanus, and pertussis are serious diseases caused by bacteria. Diphtheria and pertussis are spread from person to person. Tetanus enters the body through cuts or wounds.

DIPHTHERIA causes a thick covering in the back of the throat.

Some children should not get DTaP vaccine or should wait

 Children with minor illnesses, such as a cold, may be vaccinated. But children who are moderately or severely ill should usually wait until they recover before getting DTaP vaccine.

Items needed, Cont.

Borrowing and Replacement Report

North Carolina Immunization Program (NCIP) Vaccine Borrowing Report

Guidance:

NCIP providers are expected to maintain an adequate inventory of vaccine for both their state-eligible and private patients. State-supplied vaccine cannot be used as a replacement system for a provider's privately purchased vaccine inventory. The provider must assure that borrowing state-supplied vaccine will not prevent a state-eligible child from receiving a needed vaccination because state-supplied vaccine was administered to a private patient. Borrowing would occur only when there is lack of appropriate stock vaccine (state-supplied or provider-purchased) due to unexpected circumstances such as a delayed vaccine shipment, vaccine spoiled in-transit to provider, or new staff that calculated ordering time incorrectly. The reason cannot be provider planned borrowing from either the private stock or the state-supplied stock.

Directions for use of this form:

When a provider has borrowed vaccine from one stock to administer to a child who is only eligible to receive vaccine from the other stock, this form must be COMPLETELY FILLED OUT for each borrowing occurrence. Each vaccine a child receives must be listed on a separate row. As soon as the borrowed doses of vaccine are replaced to the appropriate vaccine stock that date must be entered on this form. These borrowing reports must be kept as part of NCIP records for three years and be made available to NCIP staff during a Site Visit. It is no longer necessary to fax the forms to the NCIP.

Please note: Timely replacement of vaccine to appropriate stock (within 90 days) is required. Providers found to be borrowing doses more often than once per 12-month period will be required to submit a Provider Improvement Plan to the NCIP.

Vaccine	Patient Name/Patient	DOB	Date	Reason no appropriate stock vaccine	Date vaccine
Borrowed	Identifier/ Insurance status		Borrowed	was available	returned to
	(NCIP or private)			(circle one)	appropriate stock
				1.Private stock order delayed 2Private stock non-viable on arrival	
				state order delayed 4. state order non-viable on arrival	
				5. other (specify)	
				1.Private stock order delayed 2Private stock non-viable on arrival	
				state order delayed 4. state order non-viable on arrival 5. other (specify)	
				Private stock order delayed 2Private stock non-viable on arrival state order delayed 4. state order non-viable on arrival	
				5. other (specify)	

Items needed, Cont.

- Disaster Recovery Plan
- Minimum Storage and Handling Guidelines

Updated May 2013

NORTH CAROLINA IMMUNIZATION PROGRAM (NCIP)
MINIMUM REQUIRED VACCINE ORDERING, HANDLING, AND STORAGE PROCEDURES

Vaccine Personnel

Designate one staff member as the primary vaccine coordinator and at least one back-up vaccine coordinator. Staff must
participate in yearly, documented training/education on proper storage and handling practices and VFC program requirements.

Storage and Handling Plans

- Maintain written routine vaccine storage and handling plans as a reference for staff. Plan must include guidance on: a) ordering vaccines b) controlling inventory c) storing vaccines and monitoring storage conditions d) minimizing vaccine wastage and e) vaccine shipping, including receiving, packing and transporting.
- Post a current Disaster Recovery Plan on or near the vaccine storage equipment and update annually. Ensure that all staff read and understand what to do in the event of refrigerator or freezer malfunctions, power failures, natural disasters, or other emergencies. The plan must include: a) name, contact information, and how to notify staff responsible for preparing and transporting vaccine, b) how receiving location will be notified, c) how to pack vaccine for transport, and d) how to document steps taken.

North Carolina Immunization Program Disaster Recovery Plan

NAME:	COUNTY:
PERSON COMPLETING FORM:	DATE:
(Disaster Recovery Plan must be reviewed and updated year)	y. Document the date reviewed/updated on the plan)

This document offers guidance for developing a vaccine disaster recovery plan. Included are steps to follow when your refrigerator or freezer malfunctions due to mechanical failure or natural disaster. A completed Disaster Recovery Plan is required to be posted on or near the vaccine storage equipment. Ensure that all staff (current and new) read the plan and understand it. Also ensure that janitorial and security staff are aware of the plan and know the procedures to follow for notifying designated personnel about any problems with the vaccine storage equipment. North Carolina Immunization Program (NCIP) providers are required to review and update the contact lists in the plan quarterly, review and update the entire plan annually. The plan must include guidance on what to do in the event of refrigerator or freezer malfunctions, power failures, natural disasters, or other emergencies.

Items Needed, Cont.

- The out of pocket administration fee charged to non-Medicaid VFC eligible patients.
- Other fees in addition to an administration fee for VFC eligible patients.

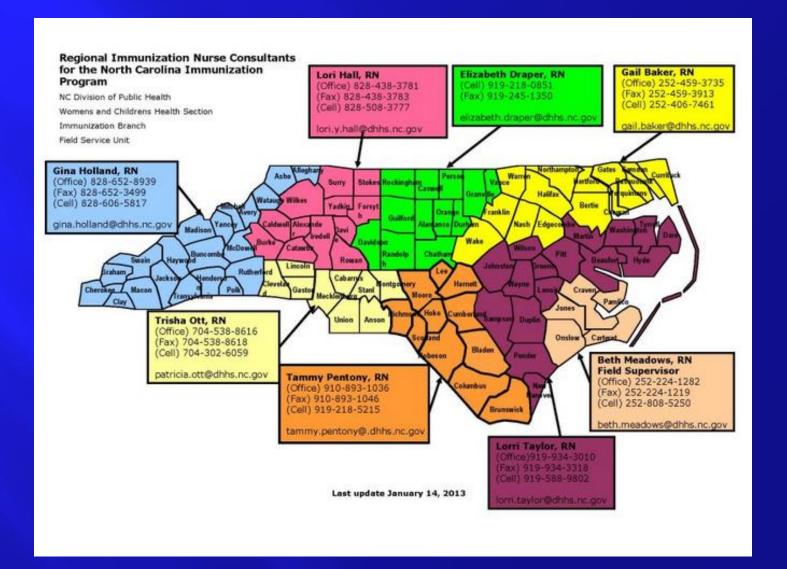
Items Needed, Cont.

Current Certificate of Calibration for refrigerator and freezer thermometers.





Who Conducts the Visit?



Site Visit Process Appointment Letter



North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services Division of Public Health

Pat. Mc Crory Governor Aldona Z. Wos, M.D.
Ambassador (Ret.)
Secretary DHHS
Laura Gerald, M.D., MP.H.
State Health Director

Dear

Thank you for scheduling time for the North Carolina Immunization Program (NCIP) Site Visit. Our goal is to ensure that all providers using state-supplied vaccines understand and comply with the federal Vaccines for Children (VFC) program and the state program requirements. The primary goal for these site visits are to assure that the NCIP vaccines are stored, handled, accounted for, and administered appropriately in compliance with federal and state laws, regulations, and guidelines. The secondary goal is to assure that the immunization providers have the information and mechanisms to provide quality immunization services to persons seeking vaccines. These visits are mandated by both federal and state governments, which supply us with the vaccines that we make available

Day of the Visit - Questionnaire

This form is to be accordated by the	VFC Provider Compliance Site Visit Questionnaire
	public health official who is conducting the site visit review. Section I of this questionnaire is the CDC minimum.
	C provider compliance site visits. Immunization Programs are required to incorporate these standard questions
	tocols and VFC provider on-site questionnaires. Section II is based on the Standards of Pediatric Care.
Natie:	Reviewer's Name:
Yovider Site Name:	
rovider address:	
Contact person:	
elephone Number:	(ext.) FAX Number
mai	VFC Number:
County:	
/arrine Manager	Rankuin
late: An incorrect or incorrect	Back-up
	ing at this site? e answered prior to the site visit, so the findings can be discussed during the site visit. with most current provider profile?
	Section Control of the Control of th
SECTION I. VFC COMPLIANC	<u>8</u>
	stration fee charged to non-Medicaid VFC eligible patients (uninsured, American Indian/Alaska Native, lat FQHC/RHC)?
2. Under what circumstances	is a child referred to another facility for immunization services?
☐ Not applicable children	(2) 200 전 10
Child is underinsured	☐ Vaccine is unavailable
Parent is unable to pay	
Cther (specify)	Summission ree

Remember!

The goal of the site visit is to evaluate the educational needs of providers in order to support them with meeting program requirements and to ensure VFC eligible children receive properly managed vaccine.



STORAGE AND HANDLING EVALUATION

What are you Looking For in my Fridge/Freezer?



Vaccine Storage Equipment

Problems with Household Combination:

- For food/ beverage storage
- > Temperature fluctuations
- Inadequate usable space
- Improper air circulation



Avoid storage on top shelf – near cooling vent. First location to exceed max allowed temp during outages.

DUAL ZONE

NO vials touching glass shelf or directly under cooling vent = 2 to 5 °C colder



No storage in crisper drawers: thermally isolated + floor level runs cold. Remove drawers, fill space with water bottles

Best storage practice – place vaccines in center fridge space, contained in original packaging, inside designated storage trays positioned 2 to 3 in from refrigerator walls

Vaccine Storage Equipment: Dorm Style Refrigerator/Freezer Units

Requirement: No DORM
Units!



Any size unit with interior freezer

Vaccine Storage Practices

Vaccine Storage Methods and Locations

DUAL ZONE

PHARMACEUTICAL

FREEZERLESS

NO vials touching glass shelf or directly under cooling vent = 2 to 5 °C colder

Avoid storage on top shelf – near cooling vent. First location to exceed max allowed temp during outages.



No storage in crisper drawers: thermally isolated + floor level runs cold. Remove drawers, fill space with water bottles



Manufacturer recommends no floor storage, but vial TC maintained at 2 to 8 °C throughout testing



1 to 2 °C colder than main fridge space

Best storage practice – place vaccines in center fridge space, contained in original packaging, inside designated storage trays positioned 2 to 3 in from refrigerator walls

Vaccine Ordering and Inventory Management

Mark multi-dose vials:

- Date open
- Doses usedLabel shelves/trays

Multi-dose vials are good until their expiration date unless otherwise noted In the manufacturer package insert.



Appropriate Refrigerator and Freezer



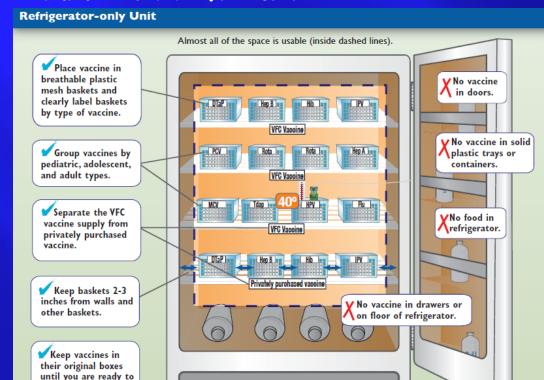
- ·Distinguish private from state
- ·Bottles of water in refrigerator
- ·Frozen coolant packs in freezer
- ·Certified calibrated NIST
- thermometer (middle with vaccine)



Site Visit Requirements Appropriate Refrigerator and Freezer:

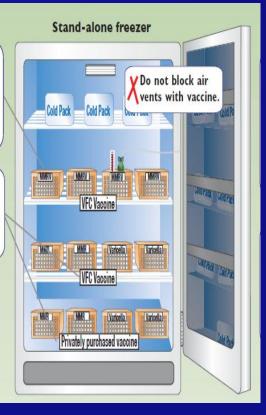
- No food or beverages
- Vaccine not stored in door
- Proper air circulation
- MMR in the freezer

use them.



Place vaccine in breathable plastic mesh baskets and clearly label baskets by type of vaccine.

Separate the VFC vaccine supply from privately purchased vaccine.



- Rotate vaccine by expiration date
- Draw up at the time of administration do not pre-draw
- "DO NOT DISCONNECT" signs on the outlet and circuit breaker



WARNING! ¡ADVERTENCIA!

Do not unplug the refrigerator/freezer or break circuit.

No desenchufar el refrigerador/congelador, ni el interruptor de circuitos.



Expensive vaccine in storage.

Contiene costosas vacunas en almacenamiento.

In event of electrical problem, immediately contact: En caso de un problema eléctrico, comuniquese inmediatamente a:

- >Temperatures: Read and document twice a day from a NIST thermometer, even if using a monitoring system
- >Temperature Logs: Maintained for period of three years
- >Temperatures: Stable and within recommended range
- Freezer: Between -50°C to -15°C (-58°F and +5°F)
- Refrigerator: Between 2°C to 8°C (35°F and 46°F)
- Report out of range temperatures immediately

temperature o vaccines <u>must</u>	record an F V, EIPV, Pn accines sho f 5°C (40° I not be expo	Refrigerated V Refrigera AM and PM temperature che umococcal Conjugate (PC ulud be kept on the middle sis F). To get an accurate reacsed to temperatures below.	ling, keep a thermometer 2° C (36°F) at anytime!	Pair December 2015 B-IPV, DT Pediatric, To occal Polysaccharide (Pl tween 2° C to 8° C (36°F on the same shelf as the		
Day Date		AM Temperature °C or °F (Circle One)	PM Temperature °C or °F (Circle One)	Room Temperature °C or °F (Circle One)	Comments Optimum of 5°C (40 ° F)	
Sunday						
Monday						
Tuesday						
Wednesday				A	1/1	
Thursday				/		
	_				/ /	
Friday				. 199	1	
Friday Saturday				4/		
				14/		

Vaccine Administration Practices:

- >Administration fee to non-Medicaid VFC eligible patients (out-of-pocket) is not greater than the current Medicaid rate
- If patient is unable to pay administration fee, fee is waived
- No office fee charged (in addition to an administration fee) for an immunization only visit
- No prerequisite (i.e. physical exam) prior to an immunization only visit

- Rotate Vaccines weekly
- > Reconcile inventory
- Record vaccine at time of administration
- Orders are appropriate based on enrollment data
- > Vaccines are clearly labeled



Other Items:

- Needle length for IM and SC injections
- >VAERS forms/reports adverse reactions

THT VAERS	24 Ho P.0	our Toll-Free O. Box 1100	EVENT REPORTING SYSTEM Information 1-800-822-7967 , Rockville, MD 20849-1100 ITY KEPT CONFIDENTIAL	VAERS Number
Patient Name:			Vaccine administered by (Name):	Form completed by (Name):
Last	First	M.I.	Responsible Physician Facility Name/Address	Relation
				3

- Screen and document VFC eligibility screening every time a vaccine is administered
- Provide all vaccines needed at every encounter
- Follow ACIP recommendations, current vaccine schedule/immunization rules/laws
- Document the relevant VIS publication date
- Document the vaccine type, date of administration, vaccine manufacture and lot number, and site and route of administration
- Screen for contraindications or precautions
- > Provide a certificate of immunization

Record Review What are We Looking For?

- >Name of vaccine given
- Date vaccine was given
- Date VIS was given
- >Publication date of VIS
- Name of vaccine manufacturer
- Lot Number
- Name and title of person who gave the vaccine
- >Address of clinic where vaccine was given
- >Site of administration
- Route of administration
- >Histories are documented
- > Are all vaccines administered according to ACIP

NCIR Review





NCIR Review

* Date shot was given [From]: *1					
	To:	Canc			
User Name: All User Names		v			
Transaction Type: All Transaction Types		v			
Site Name: All Sites with Inventory	All Sites with Inventory				
Vaccine Groups: All Vaccine Groups		v			
Vaccine: All Vaccines		V			
Trade Name: All Trade Names		v			
Lot Number: All Vaccine Lots	All Vaccine Lots				

NCIR Review Vaccine Transaction Summary by Provider

Vaccine Transaction Summary by Provider

Page 1

Provider

Group Name	Trade Name	Funding	immunizations Given	Transferred	Rejected & Restocked Doses	Doses Received	Wasted	Error	Expired	Totals
DTP/aP	Acel-Imune	PRIVATE	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	10
OTP/aP	DT	STATE	0	4	0	4	0	0	0	8
DTP/aP	infanrix	PRIVATE	59	10	0	60	0	5	0	134
OTP/aP	Infanrtx	STATE	12	0	0	30	0	0	0	42
DTP/aP	Tripedia	STATE	28	0	0	0	0	6	0	34
DTP/aP-Hep8-Pollo	Pedlartx	PRIVATE	136	0	0	149	Ó	25	0	310
DTP/aP-Hep8-Pollo	Pediarix	STATE	123	0	0	136	0	23	0	282
DTP/aP-Pollo	KINRIX	PRIVATE	56	0	0	30	1	16	0	103
DTP/aP-Pollo	KINRIX	STATE	40	0	0	70	0	2	0	112
DTP/aP-Pollo-HID	Pentacel	PRIVATE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DTP/aP-Pollo-HIb	Pentacel	STATE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HPV	Cervarix	PRIVATE	28	0	0	40	0	15	0	83
HPV	Cervartx	STATE	11	0	0	0	0	3	0	14
HPV	Gardasii	PRIVATE	22	0	0	10	1	2	0	35
HPV	Gardaell	STATE	12	0	0	0	0	3	0	15
Hep∆	Havrix-Adult	PRIVATE	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	2
НерА	Havrix-Peds 2 Dose	PRIVATE	218	60	0	190	0	9	0	477
HepA	Havrtx-Peds 2 Dose	STATE	165	0	0	166	0	34	0	365
нерВ	Engertx-B Peds	PRIVATE	10	20	0	0	0	3	0	33
HepB	Engerix-B Peda	STATE	4	0	0	0	0	3	0	7
HepB	Recombivax Peds	PRIVATE	0	0	0	20	0	0	0	20
нерВ	Recombivax Peda	STATE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HID	ActHib	STATE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HID	PedvaxHIB	PRIVATE	153	0	0	130	0	5	0	288
нть	PedvaxHIB	STATE	130	20	0	150	0	11	0	311
influenza	Flu-Mist	PRIVATE	23	0	0	0	0	4	1	28
influenza	Fluarix	PRIVATE	48	0	0	0	0	3	0	51

NCIR Review



North Carolina Immunization Registry

< 5%

Vaccine Accountability Report

Trade name	Jan 01, 2010 Inventory	Doses Received from State	\$ Value of Doses Received from State	Viable Doses Returned	Doses Transferred In	Doses Transferred Out	Wasted	Expired Doses Returned to State	Doses Administered	Viable Inventory Dec 31, 2010	UnderfOver Dose \$ Accounted Value Doses	Unaccounted \$ Value	Error Correction
DT-Peds DT	1.0	4.0	\$ 0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	1.0 \$ 23.55	\$ 23.55	0.0
DTaP Infanrix	1.0	0.0	\$ 0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0 \$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	0.0
DTaP Tripedia	103.0	220.0	\$ 2.915.00	0.0	57.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	248.0	94.0	35.0 ^{3 12.77}	5 440.95	-18.0
DTaP-IPV KINRIX	80	70.0	\$2,292.50	00	nn	011	110	011	52.0	180	80 \$322	\$258.00	no
DTaP/Polio/Hep B Pedarix	870	120 0	\$5,910 00	00	80	0.0	110	00	147.0	54 ()	14 () \$ 43.75	\$88250	0.0
Dtap-Hib-IPV Herracel	138.0	405.0	\$ 20,784.06	0.0	52.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	374.0	149.0	70.0 \$ 50.44	\$ 3,530.46	-49.0
H U-Nasal Flu-Mist	520.0	660.0	\$ 8,612.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	106.0	210.0	160.0	298.0 \$ 15.31	\$ 1,270.88	0.0
HPV, Bivalent Corvaria	0.0	10.0	\$ 960.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	D.0	\$ 0.00	0.0
HPV, quadrivalent Gardasil	10.0	30.0	\$3,261.80	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	26.0	15.0	7.0 1DD.56	\$704.13	0.0
HopA Ped 2 Dose Havrix-Peda 2 Dose	140.0	50.0	3 032.50	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	140.0	32.0	19.0 \$ 12.33	3 234.28	-9.0
HepA-Ped 2 Dose VAQTA-Peds 2 Dose	121.0	0.0	\$ 0 00	0.0	0.0	0.0	по	0.0	119 0	10	10 5000	\$0.00	nn
HepD-Peds													

NCIR Review

Vaccine Usage Report

Page 1 of 1

Group Name	Trade Name	Funding	<1	1	2	3-5	6	7-10	11-12	13-18	19-24	25-44	45-64	65+	Totals
DTP/sP	Tripedia	STATE		21	4	7									32
DTP/aP - HepB - F	Pediarix	STATE	12	1	2	- 1									16
DTP/aP - Hib - Po	Pennoel	STATE	62	1		1									64
DTP/aP - Polio	KDRIX	STATE				38					1				39
HenA	Havrix-Peds 2 Dose	STATE		30	\$	13		8	7	1					67
HepA	VAQTA-Peds 2 Dose	STATE	1	10	15	10	1	5	3	3					48
HepB	Engerix-B Peds	STATE	43	3		1				1					48
Hib	PedvaxHIB	STATE	\$	-11		3									22
Hib	Hiberix	STATE	3	1	1	-1									6
HPV	Gardasil	STATE							1	1					2
Influenza	Flu-Mist	STATE				1		2		2					5
Influenza	Fluzone Pres-Free	STATE	7	6	6	3		1							23
Influenza	Fluzone	STATE	7	6	3	7		5	4	4					36
Maningo	Menactra	STATE				- 1			14	- 11	1				27
MMR	MMR II	STATE	1	28	1	25									55
MMR - Varicella	ProQuad	STATE		8		15					1				24
РамитоСопјидањ	Prestaer 13	STATE	71	37	5	4									117
Polio	POL	STATE				2									2
Rotavirus	ROTATEQ	STATE	1												1
Rotavirus	Rotarix	STATE	45												45
Td - Tdap/Pertussi	Boostrix	STATE						2	10	3					15
Varicella	Varivax	PRIVATE		\$		\$									16
Varicella	Varivax	STATE	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \end{pmatrix}$	20	1	19				3					44
		Totals:	262	191	46	160	1	23	39	29	3				754
		Client Counts:	56	59	28	65	1	21	24	21	1				276



North Carolina Department Health and Human Services Division of Public Health

WASTED/EXPIRED VACCINE REPORT

Date Range From: To:

Provider Name: User Completing Form: Six Digit PIN#

Provider Federal ID Number: Date Reporting:

Please return all opened and unopened wasted/expired vaccines. Do not return drawn vaccine. Further instructions can be found at the end of the report.

Vaccine		Lot #	Total Doses Wasted or Expired	Reason Wasted	Preventive Action for Wasted or Expired Doses	Date Wastage Occurred or Expired	Expiration Date	Date Received & Initials	
DTP/aP	Infanrix	ABC123	13.0	Tray fell on the floor and vials broke.		12/05/2006	02/28/2007	For Immunization Branch use only	
HPV	Gardasil	1495AA	1.0	dropped and broken on lab floor	push away from edge of shelf	06/18/	08/22/2014		

Vaccine Usage Report

Page 1 of 1

Group Name	Trade Name	Funding	<1	1	2	3-5	6	7-10	11-12	13-18	19-24	25-44	45-64	65+	Totals
DTP/sP	Tripedia	STATE		21	4	7									32
DTP/aP - HepB - F	Pediarix	STATE	12	- 1	2	- 1									16
DTP/sP - Hib - Po	Pentacel	STATE	62	-1		- 1									64
DTP/aP - Polio	KINRIX	STATE				38					1				39
HepA	Havrix-Pads 2 Dose	STATE		30	\$	13		8	7	-1					67
HepA	VAQTA-Peds 2 Dose	STATE	1	10	15	10	1	5	3	3					48
HepB	Engerix-B Peds	STATE	43	3		- 1				- 1					48
НЭ	PedvaxHIB	STATE	\$	-11		3									22
Hib	Hiberix	STATE	3	-1	- 1	-1									6
HPV	Gardasil	STATE							- 1	- 1					2
Influenza	Flu-Mist	STATE				-1		2		2					5
Influenza	Fluzone Pres-Free	STATE	7	6	6	3		- 1							23
Influenza	Fluncue	STATE	7	6	3	7		5	4	4					36
Maningo	Menactra	STATE				-1			14	- 11	1				27
MMR	MMR II	STATE	1	28	- 1	25									55
MMR - Varicella	ProQuad	STATE		8		15					1				24
PneumoConjugate	Prestuer 13	STATE	71	37	5	4									117
Polio	IPOL	STATE				2									2
Rotavirus	ROTATEQ	STATE	1												1
Rotavirus	Rotarix	STATE	45												45
Td - Tdap/Pertussi	Boostrix	STATE						2	10	3					15
Varicella	Varivax	PRIVATE		\$		\$									16
Varicella	Varivax	STATE	- 1	20	1	19				3					44
		Totals:	262	191	46	160	1	23	39	29	3				754
		Client Counts:	56	59	28	65	1	21	24	21	1				276

Other NCIR Items

Manage Transfer	
Create a New Transfer	New Transfer
Return to Manage Transfer Screen	Cancel
Transfer List	
Outbound Transfer	
Create Date Type Sending Org:Site Receiving Org:Site Ship Date Recei	ve Date Return Date
No Outbound Transfer.	
Inbound Transfer	
Create Date Type Sending Org:Site Receiving Org:Site Ship Date Recei No Inbound Transfer.	ve Date Return Date
Historic Transfer (last 7 days by default)	
Show by Last Updated Date From: 10/09/.	Refresh List
Create Date Type Sending Org:Site Receiving Org:Site Ship Date Receive Date Return	n Date Restock Date
10/11/ TRANSFER 10/11/ 10/11/ 10/11/	10/11/
10/11 TRANSFER 10/11/ 10/11/	

Report Date	K	Inventory Reconciliation		Page 1 of 2		
Funding Source	Vaccine Group	Trade Name	Lot Number	Expiration Date	NCIR Reported Doses On Hand	Actual Count of Doses On Hand
State	DTP/aP	DAPTACEL	C4214BA	12/19/2014	117	
Out.	HPV	Gardasil	H010123	01/16/2015	137	
State						

Site Visit Requirements

Other Items:

Evidence of educational contact for immunizations

December 19, 2012										
MEMORANDUM										
TO:	North Carolina Immunization Program (NCIP) Providers									
FROM:	Beth Rowe-West, RN, BSN, Head American Branch									
SUBJECT:	NCIP Provider Education Requirements									
and Prevention Vaccines for C	If this memo is to notify providers of a new educational requirement from the Centers for Disease Control (CDC) effective January 1, 2013. CDC requires that each NCIP provider designate a staff person as the thildren (VFC) coordinator, and that this person receive an educational "contact" during each calendar year, intact opportunities will cover all VFC requirements, with a special emphasis on storage and handling.									
The purpose of and Prevention Vaccines for C	this memo is to notify providers of a new educational requirement from the Centers for Disease Control (CDC) effective January 1, 2013. CDC requires that each NCIP provider designate a staff person as the hildren (VFC) coordinator, and that this person receive an educational "contact" during each calendar year.	ı								

EMPLOYEE IMMUNIZATION EDUCATIONAL ROSTER NAME: DATE Date Name of Continued Education Workshop/In-service/Video/Webcast/Journal Sponsored Version Contact CEU's Hrs Article or MMRW update By Hours In person On-line Webinar Conference

Items Most Often Out of Compliance at a Site Visit

- Administration fee charged to non-Medicaid VFC eligible patients is greater than the fee allowed
- Misuse of state-supplied vaccine (intentional or unintentional)
- Current Coverage Criteria is not followed
- Insured/Health Choice: Lack of private vaccine
- Vaccine administration errors: Use of DTaP instead of Tdap for adults

Items Most Often Out of Compliance at a Site Visit

 Does not provide and/or stock age appropriate required and/or recommend vaccines for VFC children



Items Most Often Out of Compliance at a Site Visit

- Does not follow ACIP recommendations
- Does not adhere to NC Immunization Rules/Laws
- Improper needle length for intramuscular injection



Figure 1. Recommended immunization schedule for persons aged 0 through 18 years – 2013. FFORTHOSEWHO FALL BEHIND OR START LATE, SEE THE CATCH-UP SCHEDULE [FIGURE 2]). These recommendations must be read with the footnose that follow for those who fall behind or start late, provide catch-up vaccination at the earliest opportunity as indicated by the green bars in Figure 1. To determine minimum intervals between doses, see the catch-up schedule (Figure 2). School entry and adolescent vaccine age groups are in bold.																
Vaccines	Birth	1 mo	2 mos	4 mos	6 mos	9 mos	12 mos	15 mos	18 mos	19-23 mos	2-3 yrs	4-6 yrs	7-10 yrs	11-12 yrs	13-15 yrs	16–18 yrs
Hepatitis B¹ (HepB)	€ 1 ¹¹ dose >	← 2 rd	dose		⋖		····3 rd doser		>							
Rotavirus ² (RV) RV-1 (2-dose series); RV-5 (3-dose series)			◆ 14dose >	€ 2 rd doxe >	See footnote 2											
Diphtheria, tetanus, & acellular pertussis ² (DTaP: <7 yrs)			≪ 14dose >	≪ 2 ^{nl} doss >	€ ™ dos ⇒			⋖ ——4*	dose			≪ 5®doss >				
Tetanus, diphtheria, & acellular pertussis* (Tdap: <u>></u> 7 yrs)														(Tdap)		
Haemophilus influenzae type b ⁵ (Hib)			≪ 1ºdoso ≫	€ 2 rd dose >	See footnote 5		→ 2 rd or 4 rd see fool	ndose, tnotë 5								
Pneumococcal conjugate ^{fac} (PCV13)			<-1⁴dose→	€ 2 rd doxe >	≪ 3 rd dosa >		4 4 h d	iose>								
Pneumococcal polysaccharide ^{(a);} (PPSV23)																
Inactivated Poliovirus ⁷ (IPV) (<18years)			< -1⁴dose≯	≪ 2 rd d∞a≯	<		3 [≤] dose		>			≪ 4≑dosa ≯				
Influenza ^s (IIV; LAIV) 2 doses for some : see footnote 8							Annual vaccina	ation (IIV only)				ı	Annual vaccina	tion (IIV or LAIV)	
Measles, mumps, rubella ⁹ (MMR)							← 1 ^r d	∞ >				≪ 2¤doss≯				
Varicella ¹⁰ (VAR)							← 1 ⁴ d	œ →				≪ 2 ^{xl} dose >				
Hepatitis A ¹¹ (HepA)								Zidose series, s	ee footnote 11-	>						
Human papillomavirus ¹² (HPV2: females only; HPV4: males and females)														(3-dose series)		
Meningococcal ¹² (Hib-MenCY ≥ 6 weeks; MCV4-D≥9 mos; MCV4-CRM ≥ 2 yrs.)						see foot	tnote 13							≪ 1ºdoxe≯		booter

Items Most Often Out of Compliance at a Site Visit

- > VIS statements are outdated
- Does not document the VIS edition date and date VIS provided

VACCINE INFORMATION STATEMENT

Your Baby's First Vaccines

What You Need to Know

pertussis (whooping cough) Haemophilus influenzae type b

Your baby will get these vaccines today:

□ Htb Rotavirus ☐ Hepatitts B □ PCV13

(Provider: Check appropriate boxes.) Ask your doctor about "combination vaccines which can reduce the number of shots your baby needs.

as these vaccines when given separately.



About this vaccine information statement

Please read this Vaccine Information Statement (VIS) before your baby gets his or her immunizations, and take it home with you afterward. Ask your doctor if you have any questions.

This VIS tells you about the benefits and risks of six routine childhood vaccines. It also contains information about reporting an adverse reaction and about the National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program, and how to get more information about ines and vaccine-preventable diseases. (Individual VISs are also available for these vaccines.)

How vaccines work

Immunity from disease. When children get sick with an infectious disease, their immune system usually produces protective "antibodies," which keep them from getting the same disease again. But getting sick is no fun, and it can be dangerous or even fatal.

Immunity from vaccines: Vaccines are made with the same bacteria or viruses that cause disease, but they have been weakened or killed—or only parts of them are used-to make them safe. A child's immune system produces antibodies, just as it would afte exposure to the actual disease. This means the child will develop immunity in the same way, but without having to get sick first.

Vaccine benefits: why get

vaccinated? Diseases have injured and killed many children over

the years in the United States. Polio paralyzed about 37,000 and killed about 1,700 every year in the 1950s. Hib disease was once the leading cause of bacterial meningitis in children under 5 years of age. About 15,000 people died each year from **diphtheria** befor there was a vaccine. Up to 70,000 children a year wen hospitalized because of rotavirus disease. Hepatitis B can cause liver damage and cancer in 1 child out of 4 who are infected, and tetanus kills 1 out of every 5 who get it.

Thanks mostly to vaccines, these diseases are not nearly as common as they used to be. But they have not disappeared, either. Some are common in other countries, and if we stop vaccinating they will come back here. This has already happened in some parts of the world. When vaccination rates go down, disease



Items Most Often Out of Compliance at a Site Visit

Vaccine Storage:

- Written procedures for all areas of vaccine storage and handling
- Disaster Recovery Plan not updated annually
- >Temperatures out of range
 - No action taken
 - > No written documentation of action taken
 - > Did not call the Immunization Branch for guidance
- A "Do Not Disconnect" sticker was not on the circuit breaker

North Carolina Immunication Program Disaster Recovery Plan PRINCIPLE PRINCIPLE PRINCIPLE

NORTH CAROLINA IMMUNIZATION PROGRAM (NCIP) MINIMUM REQUIRED VACCINE ORDERING, HANDLING, AND STORAGE PROCEDURES

 Designate one staff member as the primary vaccine coordinator and at least one back-up vaccine coordinator. Staff must participate in yearly, documented training/education on proper storage and handling practices and VFC program requirements

Storage and Handling Plans

- Maintain written routine vaccine storage and handling plans as a reference for staff. Plan must include guidance on: a) ordering vaccines b) controlling inventory c) storing vaccines and monitoring storage conditions d) minimizing vaccine wastage and e) vaccine shipping, including receiving, packing and transporting.
- Post a current Disaster Recovery Plan on or near the vaccine storage equipment and update annually. Ensure that all staff read and understand what to do in the event of refrigerator or freezer malfunctions, power failures, natural disasters, or other emergencies. The plan must include: a) name, contact information, and how to notify staff responsible for preparing and transporting vaccine, b) how receiving location will be notified, c) how to pack vaccine for transport, and d) how to document

WARNING! :ADVERTENCIA!

Do not unplug the refrigerator/freezer or

......

No desenchufar el refrigerador/congelador, ni el interruptor de circuitos. Expensive vaccine in storage.



Contiene costosas vacunas en almacenamiento. In event of electrical problem, immediately contact

En caso de un problema eléctrico, comuníquese inmediatamente a:

Day of the Visit - Feedback

- All findings will be reviewed with the vaccine contact
- Areas that need improvement will be discussed
- Education will be provided to improve vaccine services
- Follow up recommendations/ requirements will be reviewed



Provider Improvement Plan

- Provided at the visit or within a week of the visit
- Summary of items that need improvement
- Providers have 30 days to submit a Provider Improvement Plan to the NCIP

	the actions you will take to	or improvement Plan (PIP) to correct the vaccine management sisues checked off on the Site Visit Improvems a anticipate that each task will be accomplished.	omit
Provider Name:	Contact Pers	500.	
Address			
Phone:	eded	Fax	



Always Remember:

Follow your Provider Agreement and the Immunization Law!

North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services North Carolina Immunization Program PROVIDER VACCINE AGREEMENT Page 1 of 3

North Carolina Immunization Law General Statues of North Carolina

Questions???

Learning Labs

